



Modern Venture Debt Structures

THE CONFIDENTIAL GUIDE

Q4 2021

Disclaimer

WARNING. The content within this document may prove overwhelming to some, or even bore one to drive their van off a cliff.

That is why we launched Spinta, a crack unit of former lenders, investors and execs established in 2016. These men promptly created a maximum value debt advisory firm, operating within the San Francisco underground. Today, highly wanted by management teams and boards, they survive as soldiers of fortune.

If you have a financing problem, if no one else can help, and if you can find them, maybe you can hire....**THE SPINTA-TEAM**

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Venture Debt evolution

Lender market makeup

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Pros / cons

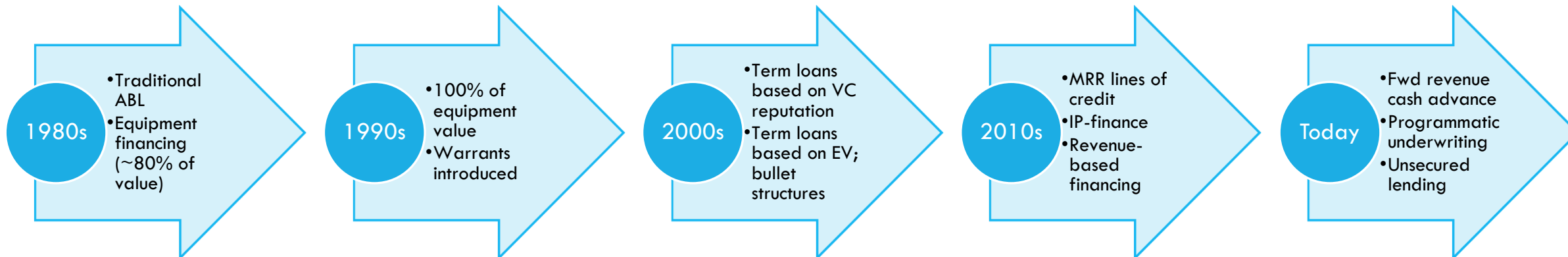
Risk appetite spectrum

Market terms

Venture Debt – Evolution

Started with equipment finance...

...SAAS + E-Commerce eat WORLD



Glossary

ABL: asset-based loan

Warrant: option to buy equity

EV: enterprise value

IP: intellectual property

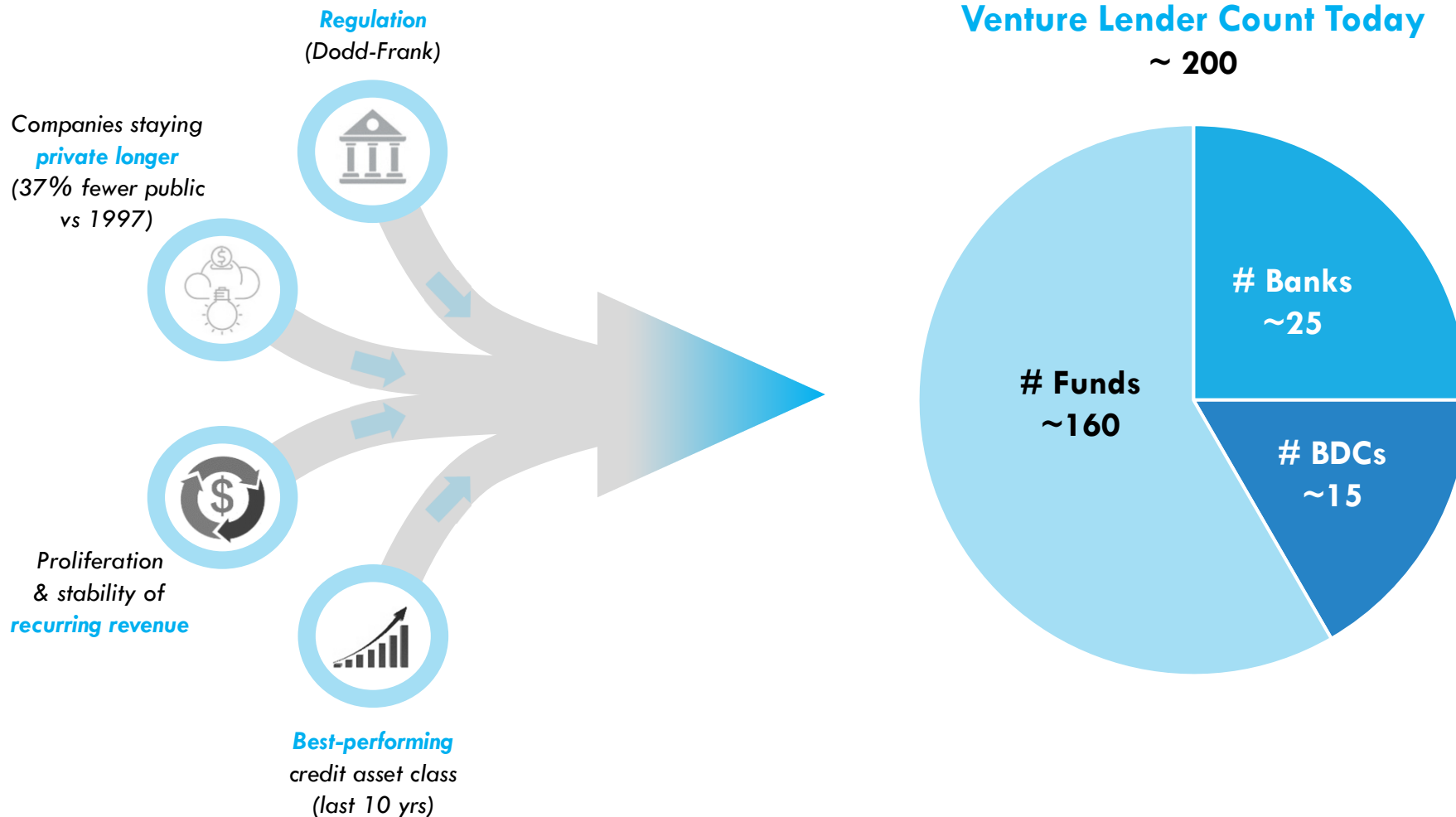
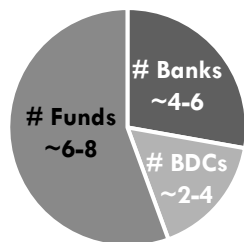
Bullet: term loan with no amortization (100% balloon payment at maturity)

MRR: monthly recurring revenue

Driven in Part by a Swell of New Participants

More Demand, More Supply

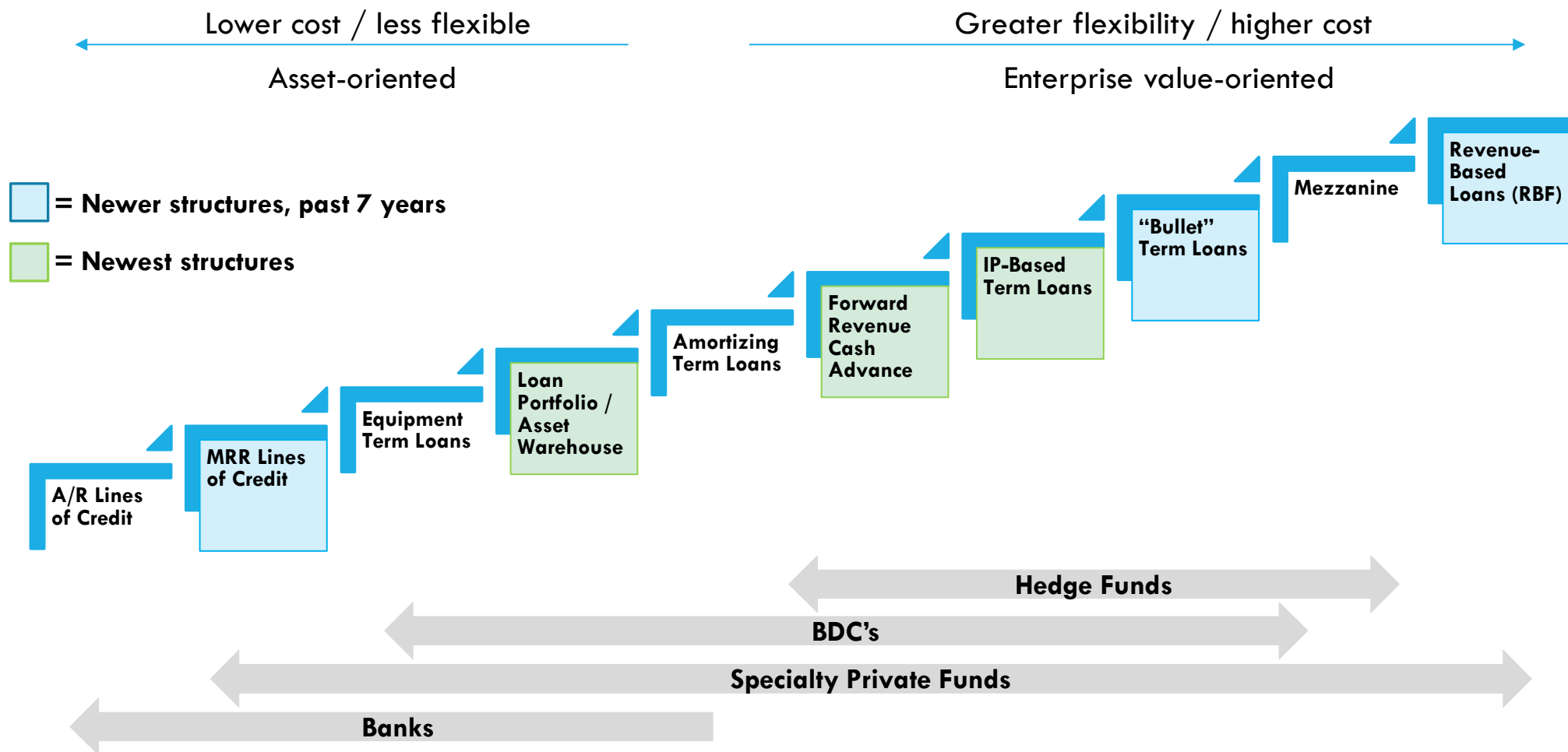
Venture Lender Count 15 Years Ago



Lender count reflects those with **pre-profit tech / consumer growth company focus**; excludes those focused solely on (a) life sciences or (b) asset-oriented solutions

Structures Have Diversified

New financing approaches aligned with specific use cases, business models



The Menu Broadens with Scale

		Lender	Relevance Based on Stage			Flexibility (Cost)
		Type	Early Stage	Mid-Stage	Later Stage	
Asset-Based Loans	A/R Line of Credit	Bank		✓	✓	Lower (~5%) Higher (25%+)
	Equipment Loan	Non-Bank	*	✓	✓	
	MRR Line of Credit	Both		*	✓	
	Loan Portfolio / Asset Warehouse	Both	*	✓	✓	
	Patent-based Financing	Both	✓	✓	✓	
Growth Capital Loans	Amortizing Term Loan	Both	*	✓	✓	
	Bullet Term Loan	Non-Bank		*	✓	
	Mezzanine	Non-Bank			✓	
	Contract Purchase / Fwd Revenue Cash Advance	Non-Bank		✓	✓	
	Revenue-Based Financing "RBF"	Non-Bank		✓	✓	

* Generally available to VC-backed companies only

Blue font denotes newer structures, past 7 years

Green font denotes newest structures

Yet the Optimal Solution is Situation-Specific

	Best Used To...	Watch Out For...
Bank Loans / MRR Loans	Minimize capital cost, create flexible balance sheet liquidity, extend runway post-equity raise	“Usable” capital is generally limited, particularly when amortization and/or covenants are factored into analysis
Equipment Loan / Lease	Finance purchase of long-term equipment / fixed assets	Generally rapid amortization; usable capital limited to OLV of fixed assets; higher debt service vs enterprise value loans
Non-Bank Venture Debt	Achieve interim capital in lieu of (or to reduce size of) equity raise	Short “I/O” periods for earlier stage companies, prepay fees can be onerous
Contract Purchase / Fwd Revenue Cash Advance	Secure capital quickly; semi-automated underwriting for subscription / recurring revenue companies	Most lenders have limited track record; short or no “I/O” periods; may involve new underwriting, <u>each</u> draw
Patent-Based Financing	Achieve greater usable capital by leveraging material patent portfolio	Few options; slower underwriting; may inhibit licensing flexibility; loan amendments can be more complex / restrictive
Mezzanine (ie NYC crowd)	Maximize usable capital, particularly for later stage capital efficient companies	Higher transaction costs, documentation and closing process can be more cumbersome; multi-faceted covenant packages
Revenue Based Financing	Alternative to raising institutional VC, particularly for capital-efficient founder-controlled businesses	Short or no “I/O” period, high minimum return thresholds result in high “prepay” economics

Different Lenders Solving for Different Outcomes

Principal Preservation

Runway extenders
Prefer high liquidity,
path to profitability,
or...

Underwrite to
tangible assets /
strong recurring
revenue streams

Most conservative
leverage

**Banks, Senior
ABL Funds**

Yield / Fixed Return

Covenant-lite or no-
covenant

More flexible
repayment
schedules

Limited equity
upside

Conservative
leverage based on
assets and/or EV

**BDCs, Select SaaS Funds,
Revenue Cash Advance
Providers, Some RBF Funds**

Equity in Disguise

No covenants but
sometimes rapid
amort

Dilutive warrants /
co-invest rights

Well-funded
startups

Portfolio approach

OK w/ early stage

**Smaller venture debt funds,
Some RBF Funds**

Loan to Own

Shorter maturity

“Hail Mary”

Distressed or pre-
distressed

Comfortable
monetizing IP or
software contracts

**Select distressed credit
funds**

Pricing, Structure, Covenants Vary Widely

	Working Capital / MRR Lines of Credit	Growth Capital Term Loan (includes IP-based)	Mezzanine / Sub Debt
Typical Participants	Banks, private funds	Banks, private funds, hedge funds	Private funds, hedge funds
Availability / Sizing	Up to 90% of A/R Up to 50-75% of inventory Up to 50% select PO's 4-10x MRR	Situation specific Up to 50% of equity round 6-18x MRR % of patent valuation	Situation specific Based on enterprise value, or Up to 5x forward EBITDA
Interest Rate	3-8% floating	5-14% floating	8-15% fixed Some or all can be PIK
Term	1-3 yrs	2-5 yrs	3-5 yrs
I/O Period	n/a	12-60 mos	3+ yrs
Warrant Coverage	Typically none	0-15%	0-15%
Collateral	1 st lien on assets; negative/double-negative pledge on IP	1 st or 2 nd lien on assets; negative/double-negative pledge on IP	2 nd lien on assets or unsecured
Commitment fee	Up to 1%	Up to 2%	Up to 2%
Liquidity/Financial Covenants	Minimum liquidity / performance to plan	Sometimes NONE; minimum liquidity / performance to plan	Sometimes NONE; Debt service / min EBITDA / performance to plan
All-in Targeted IRR	4-9%	6-20%	11-25%

Glossary

MRR: monthly recurring revenue

A/R: accounts receivable

PO: purchase order

Liquidity: cash + capacity to borrow under a line of credit

EBITDA: earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation & amortization (estimates earnings less impact from debt)

ARR: annual recurring revenue

Newer Participants May Offer Speed, Flexibility

	Asset Term Loans / Portfolio Warehouse	Revenue Cash Advance / Contract Purchase	Revenue-Based Financing
Typical Participants	Banks / Private Funds	Private funds	Private funds
Availability / Sizing	Borrowing base tied to assets such as B2C or B2B loan portfolios, equity investment portfolios, other esoteric assets	Best suited for contractually recurring revenue or programmatic CAC financing for e-commerce financing (25 – 60% ARR)	Best suited for recurring revenue or services (25 – 50% ARR)
Interest Rate	3-15%	N/A – generally a finance charge or discount; typical discount of 8-20%	N/A – fixed % of revenue until return of capital threshold is met (often 1.3x - 2x)
Term	2-4 years	2-3 yrs	3-10 yrs
I/O Period	N/A – typically structured as revolving credit facilities or off BS SPVs; non-banks typically require a draw period of 12-24 mos following by an “amortization period” of 12-36 mos	Often no I/O period with amortization fixed over 12-24 months, or mirroring underlying payment timing of specific contracts	N/A
Warrant Coverage	Situation dependent on risk; sometimes none	None	0-15%
Collateral	1 st lien on specific assets; may include HoldCo guaranty	Typically unsecured / no UCC filing	1 st lien on assets or unsecured
Commitment fee	Up to 2%	None	Up to 2%
Liquidity/Financial Covenants	Situation dependent, sometimes none	None	None
All-in Targeted IRR	5% - 20%	15-25%	20-30%

About Us

Credit Solutions for the Innovation Economy

We arrange institutional growth debt for later stage innovative companies

- > **Silicon Valley's "debt capital markets desk"**
- > **Goal of delivering optimally structured solutions with the best lender partners**
- > **\$2.5 billion of debt financing experience across ~100 transactions**

Client profile

\$10 - \$500m rev / emerging growth
Pre-profit thru profitable
Backed by VCs, PE firms, founders

Use Cases

Growth / working capital
Finance assets
Replace existing lender
Stalled valuation or business pivot
LBO / recap / dividend